THE COAST GUARD CG 288

RESERVIST

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ACTIVE DUTY OPEN TO RESERVISTS

Capt. G. A. Knudsen, Chief Reserve Division, To Be Reassigned

Captain G. A. Knudsen, currently Chief of the Reserve Division at Coast Guard Headquarters, has received orders for assignment to duty at the National War College in Washington, D. C. Captain Knudsen will report for this duty on August 20, 1955, for approximately ten months of instruction.

He will be relieved by Captain Harry A. Loughlin who will report to the Commandant at Coast Guard Headquarters for assignment to duty as the newly designated Chief of the Reserve Division on July 1, 1955. Captain Loughlin is currently stationed at the Coast Guard Academy as officer-in-charge of the Officer Candidate School.



Captain George Andrew Knudsen, USCG

Uniform Maintenance Allowance

When a Reserve officer inquires about his clothing allowance, he usually means the <u>Uniform Maintenance Allowance</u> for the purchase of <u>Uniforms</u> to replace or enlarge upon his military wardrobe. Coast Guard Reserve officers were entitled to this uniform maintenance allowance of \$50 under Title 14 USC prior to passage of the Armed Forces Reserve Act of 1952 (9 July 1952).

Under Title 14 USC, to qualify

Under Title 14 USC, to qualify for the \$50 allowance, it was necessary for an officer to complete four years satisfactory Federal service and to perform at least twenty-eight days of active duty or active duty for training during this four year period. "Satisfactory Federal Service" is defined by Title 14 USC for this purpose as being a member of the Coast Guard Reserve. This period consisted of four consecutive years; any break in service well require starting a new four year period.

NRO School Program To Expand In Fiscal '56

Reprinted from the NAVAL RESERVE BULLETIN, 9th Naval District

The Naval Reserve Officers School program plans to expand to include nearly fifty additional schools throughout all Naval Districts during fiscal year 1956. The program which started this year with thirty schools located within the contenental U.S. is proving itself successful.

Knowing that the thirty original schools were accessible to only a small percentage of Reservists who desire to participate, the Chief of Naval Personnel plans to create more schools where a need exists. New schools are to be authorized when a minimum of 100 officers in the area have certified to the Naval District Commandant that they will enroll should one be established. Such schools will be located close enough to the parent school to permit effective supervision by the

Regular Billets Offered To Active Status Pool Reservists

The January edition of the Coast Guard Reservist published notification to all Reserves in the Active Status Pool in the rates of petty officers 3rd and 2nd Class (higher rates if they agreed to take a reduction to 2nd Class) of the opportunity to volunteer for 24 months active duty or apply for reenlistment in the regular Coast Guard.

The response to this program during the month of January was favorable and eighty (80) applications were processed. However, there are still available billets for experienced petty officers in the Regular Service and the opportunity to apply for extended active duty is, therefore, being extended.

After one year of extended active duty, you may apply for enlistment or reenlistment in the regular Coast Guard and become eligible for the REENLISTMENT BONUS. This Bonus represents a sizeable sum of ready cash as can be seen by a glance at the below listed table:

REENLISTMENT BONUS, FIRST REENLISTMENT BASED ON OVER 2 YEARS SERVICE FOR PAY PURPOSES:

Grade	Reenlistment for 4 years		
POZ	\$611.52		
PO3	519.80		
SN or FN	428.08		
Grade	Reenlistment for 6 years		
POZ	\$917.28		
PO3	779.70		
SN or FN	642.12		

REENLISTMENT BONUS, FIRST REENLISTMENT BASED ON OVER

4 YEARS SERVICE FOR PAY
PURPOSES:
Grade Reenlistment for 4 yrs.
PO2 \$642.08
PO3 550.36

SN or FN

458.64 Continued on p. 4 col. 3

Orders Releasing Officers

It has been noted by Headquarters that copies of orders releasing Reserve officers to inactive duty are being forwarded to Headquarters incomplete.

The Reserve officer should ascertain that all dates are properly filled in and all endorsements made before certifying and forwarding the required copy to Headquarters.

Along the same line, copies of training orders forwarded to District Reserve Directors should be complete. by complying with this, the Reserve officer will save Headquarters considerable time and effort in processing these orders. The certification required on these orders shall be executed by the officer in question.

UNIFORM -- Cont. from p. 1

Having fulfilled these requirements, a Reserve officer would have received payment of \$50 upon first reporting for active duty or active duty for training after completion of each four year period.

With the passage of AFRA, on 9 July 1952, the status of the officer in the Reserve changed regarding his entitlement to this \$50 allowance. Under AFRA a Reserve officer must complete four years of satisfactory Federal service...that AFRA defines to be four 50 point years for retirement, although not necessarily four consecutive years...as an officer of the same Reserve component. This means that the entire duty for the Uniform Maintenance Allowance consideration must have been served as an officer in the Coast Guard Reserve. In connection with the 50 point year, the 15 gratuitous points given each member for being af-filiated with the program are considered to be earned in the same sansed through the hing means. The

35 points must be earned by performing duty where the wearing of the uniform is required. If less than 50 points are earned in one year of the yearly periods, it is not a satisfactory year for claiming the uniform allowance and the points accrued in this "unsatisfactory year" cannot be used again.

AFRA further provides that during the four year period the Reserve officer must have served at least twenty-eight days on active duty or active duty for training. Any periods of active duty for training or extended active duty, in excess of 90 days, cannot be considered as part of the four year requirement. When a Reserve officer performs 90 days or more of active duty, he is authorized to the Additional Active Duty Uniform Allowance, provisions of which will appear in the next issue of "The CG RESERVIST".

Presidential Proclamation 3080 Sets Terminal Date For Entitlement To Certain Veterans Benefits

The President, on 1 January 1955, issued a proclamation setting 31 January 1955 as the end of the period of eligibility for certain benefits created as a result of the Korean conflict administered by the Veterans Administration and other Federal agencies.

As a result, persons entering upon active duty in the Armed Forces after 1 February 1955 will be peacetime veterans when they leave the service and, as such, will be entitled only to peacetime benefits.

This article is the first in a series prepared to explainingeneral terms the benefits affected by the proclamation. Among the benefits administered by the Veterans Administration and affected by the proclamation are education, training and loans under the Korean G. I. Bill, and vocational rehabilitation for the disabled.

The effect of the proclamation on each of these Veterans Administra-

tion benefits is as follows: EDUCATION AND TRAINING UN-

DER THE KOREAN G. I. BILL. The proclamation sets 31 January 1955 as the last day of the Korean conflict period during which those in service may earn entitlement to education or training. The Korean conflict period began 27 June 1950. Those entering service after 31 January 1955 will not be entitled to education or training under the Korean G. I. Bill when they leave service. Those who entered service before 31 January 1955 will build up entitlement for Korean G. I. training up to and including 31 January 1955. Under present law they will not accumulate training entitlement for service after 31 January.

HOME, FARM OR BUSINESS LOANS UNDER THE G.I. BILL. The

Although the four year period may have commenced prior to the passage of AFRA, on 9 July 1952, which period would be covered by Title 14 USC with the requirements set forth by Title 14 USC governing the entitlement, the remaining time to complete the four year requirement must be governed by the require-ments set forth in AFRA. In other words, an officer who commenced on a four year period on 1 July 1950 and completed the period on I July 1954, would qualify for the period July, 1950 through June, 1952 under Title 14 USC by completing two years satisfactory Federal service by being a member of the Reserve and performing at least twenty-eight days of active duty for training between 1 July 1950 and 30 June 1954. The Reserve officer, must, however, after 9 July 1952, as a member of the same Reserve component, comproclamation establishes 31 January 1955 as the last day of the Korean conflict period when the necessary period of service may begin for entitlement to guaranteed, insured or direct G. I. loan. Those entering service after 31 January 1955 will not be able to establish entitlement to guaranteed, insured or direct loans when they leave the service; however, persons entering service on or before 31 January 1955 will be eligible for G. I. loans if they meet all other eligibility requirements. The other requirements are (1) at least 90 days total service unless sooner discharged for disability incurred in line of duty. Not all the 90 days need be before 31 January 1955; any part could come afterward, and (2) a discharge or separation for active service under conditions other than dishonorable.

VOCATIONAL REHABILITATION
FOR THE DISABLED. The proclamation establishes 31 January
1955 as the last day of the Korean
conflict period during which those
in service may become eligible for
vocational rehabilitation. Those so
seriously disabled in service on or
before 31 January 1955 if they require vocational rehabilitation in
order to overcome their handicaps
will establish eligibility, but those
so disabled after that date will not
be entitled to vocational rehabilita-

tion.

The second article in the series will explain other VA benefits affected by the proclamation. It is to be emphasized that these explanations of Presidential Proclamation 3080 are for information and action in regard to any section of law affected by the proclamation should not be based on these articles, but on the advice of the agency administering the law.

plete two years satisfactory Federal service by earning 50 points a year...15 gratuitous for being affiliated with the program and 35 points through training by performing duty where the wearing of the

uniform is required. The wearing of the uniform, while assigned to any of the training categories, regardless of the pay or nonpay feature of the category, is an essential element for entitlement to the uniform maintenance allowance.

Finally, to get the uniform maintenance allowance a Reserve officer must apply for it by filling the appropriate certificate. Necessary forms may be obtained from the Reserve Director of the Coast Guard District in which the Reserve officer resides, via the commanding officer of the unit to which he is assigned.

(Next month, "Additional Active Duty Uniform Allowance.")

Retired Pay For CG Reserve Under Public Law 810, 80th Congress

This is the fourth and last in a series of articles prepared so that members of the CG Reserve will be cognizant of the specific requirements and prohibitions contained in Public Law 810. The first in the series published in the December 1954 issue of The Coast Guard RE-SERVIST explained age and service requirements in determining eligibility for retired pay; the second in the series published in the January 1955 issue of The Coast Guard RE-SERVIST explained computation of years of service in determining entitlement to retire pay; the third in the series published in the February F955 issue of The Coast Guard RE-SERVIST explained computation of the amount of retired pay to be reqeived; this article is a general recap of the pertinent provisions of Public Law 810.

To be eligible for the benefits provided by Title III of P. L. 810, 80th Congress, an individual need not have a military status at the time of application but must have (1) attained age 60 (2) completed a minimum of 20 years of satisfactory service (3) served the last 8 years of his qualifying service as a member of a Reserve component (4) performed active Federal service during some portion of either of the two periods from April 6, 1917, to November 11, 1918, or September 9, 1940, to December 31, 1946, all dates inclusive, if a member of a Reserve component prior to August 15, 1945.

For the purpose of determining whether a Reservist is entitled to retired pay, his years of service are computed by adding his years of service before 1 July 1949 in (1) the Armed Forces (2) the National Guard of the United States while in Federal service of the United States (3) the federally recognized National Guard before June 15, 1933 (4) a federally recognized status in the National Guard before 15 June 1933 (5) the Naval Reserve Force (6) the Naval Militia that conformed to the standards prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy (7) the National Naval Volunteers (8) active and inactive service on the Honorary Retired List of Navy or Marine Corps Reserve; and, each one year period after 1 July 1949 in which he has been credited with at least 50 points on the following basis (1) one point for each day of active service (active duty or active duty for training) that conformed to required standards and qualifications (2) one point for each attendance at a drill, equivalent instruction, or appropriate duty, which was prescribed for that year by the Commandant and which con-

| Change In CIC Training

The Bureau of Naval Personnei has announced the change in location of CIC training from Boston, Massachusetts, to Dam Neck, Virginia.

This course consists of elementary CIC operations and instructions to familiarize junior officers with duties of CIC watch officer at sea.

CONFIDENTIAL clearance is required of officers attending this course. Eligibility requirements call for deck lieutenants and below.

Officers who are ordered to this type of training will report to the Commanding Officer, CIC Team Training Center, Dam Neck, Virginia.

formed to the requirements prescribed by law, and (3) points at the rate of 15 a year for membership in a Reserve component of an Armed Force.

The following service may not be counted: Service in an inactive Reserve section of the Officer's Reserve Corps of the Army Reserve, or in an inactive officer's section of the Air Force Reserve; service in the inactive National Guard or Air National Guard: service in a non-federally recognized status in the National Guard or Air National Guard; service in the Fleet Reserve, Fleet Naval Reserve, or Fleet Marine Corps Reserve after completion of 16 or more years of active naval service; service as a temporary member of the Coast Guard Reserve: Service in any of the service academies.

For purposes of computing retired pay, under P. L. 810, a person's years of service and any fraction of such a year are computed by adding:

(1) All periods of active Federal service.

(2) One day for each point credited for each drill or period of equivalent instruction or for membership in the Reserve but no more than 60 days may be credited on this basis in any one year.

(3) 50 days for each year of Federal service before 1 July 1949, other than active Federal service, performed as a member of a Reserve component.

The total number of days credited to the Reservist divided by 360 shall be the number of years on which the retired pay will be based.

Such pay shall be at an annual rate equal to the number of years time 2½ per centum of the active duty annual base and longevity pay which he would receive if serving, at the time granted such pay, on active duty in the highest grade, temporary or permanent, satisfactorily held by him during his entire period of service. However, no person shall be entitled to receive retired pay at an annual rate in excess

ORTUPS 13-360 Split Into 2nd Unit To Handle Personnel Expansion

On February 3, 1955, commissioning ceremonies were held for ORTUPS 13-365, the second Coast Guard unit formed in Portland, Oregon.

The new unit is made up in part by officers and men previously assigned to ORTUPS 13-360...a unitary whose membership had grown solarge, it became practical to split the group into two separate training groups.

Rear Admiral L. W. Perkins, Commander, 13th CG District, and Commander E.F. Hanks, Director of the Reserve for the Northwest area, were on hand for the ceremonies.

LCDR Ralph M. Jennings is the commanding officer of the new ORTUPS 13-365 in Portland, Oregon.

Latest Attendance Records On Organized Reserve

The Thirteenth CG District had the highest Organized Reserve attendance during the month of December 1954 with 90.5%.

ORTUPS 03-315, Huntington, New York, led all Coast Guard Reserve Port Security units with an attendance of 94.8% during December 1954.

Third CG Dist. Highest For Second Quarter of Fiscal '55

The highest District attendance for the second quarter of fiscal 1955 was reported by the Third Coast Guard District with an 89.3% average.

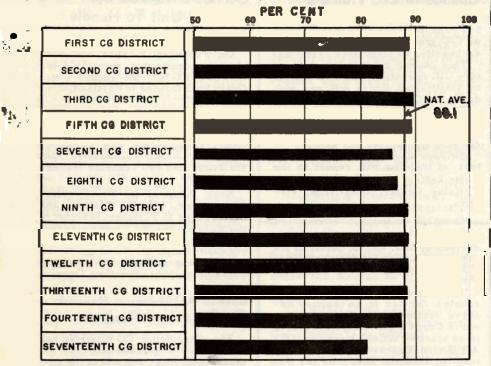
ORTUAG 11-055, Phoenix, Arizona, had top attendance among the Vessel Manning units with 97.1% reported for December 1954. (This unit was also highest among ORTUAGS for October 1954 as reported in the January issue of The CG RESERVIST.)

The national ORTU attendance average for December 1954 was 88.1%.

of 75 per centum of his active duty

Application for retired pay under this law must be made to the Secretary of the military department or the Secretary of the Treasury, as the case may be, having jurisdiction at the time of application of the Armed Force in which the applicant is serving or last served.

DRILL ATTENDANCE COMPARISONS, SECOND QUARTER FISCAL 1955



SCHOOL--Cont. from p. 1

director. These schools will be authorized when a minimum of ten officers have enrolled.

The schools are organized as college-level educational institutions. Students do not receive pay. Each school conducts forty drills during an academic year from 1 September through 30 June, each drill consisting of two class periods of at least fifty minutes each and one retirement point is given for each drill attended.

Both general and technical courses are offered; however, specialized subjects are not included and these will continue to be covered by correspondence courses. An example of the basic and technical line courses offered are:

Basic -- Engineering, Gunnery, Navigation, OOD Seamanship and Operations.

Technical--Main Propulsion, Steam and Main Propulsion, Diesel, Damage Control, Gunnery (I) Operations, Gunnery (II) Administration, Communications, CIC, and ASW.

The schools expect to broaden their courses later to include many that are not available at present. Course descriptions may be found in BUPERS Instruction 1520 - 33.

The present thirty Naval Reserve Officers Schools are located in the

following cities:

1st ND--Boston, Mass.; Providence, R. I.; Lowell, Mass. 3rd ND--New Haven, Conn.; New York City; Albany, N. Y.; Buffalo, N. Y.

4th ND -- Villanova, Pa.; Pitts-

Volunteer Units To Receive Training Courses

The first of a series of special courses for members of CG Reserve Volunteer Units is rapidly being completed at Headquarters. These courses will emphasize completeness, but will not require outside study or references. They are being shaped to provide practical exercises as well as academic study.

burgh, Pa.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio 5th ND -- Baltimore, Md.; Norfolk,

Va. 6th ND--Atlanta, Ga.; Coral Gables, Fla.; Durham, N.C.

8th ND -- New Orleans, La.; Oklahoma City, Okla.; Dallas, Texas

9th ND -- Milwaukee, Wisc.; Evanston, Ill.; Detroit, Mich.;
Denver, Colo.
llth ND--Los Angeles, Calif.; San

Diego, Calif.;

Bernardino, Calif. 12th ND--San Francisco, Calif. 13th ND--Seattle, Wash.; Portland,

Potomac River Command, Washington, D. C.

Coast Guard Reserve officers who have not availed themselves of NRO Schools this current year and who are interested in participating in this program next year, are urged to submit a request to the District Commander (dcr) of the District where the Reserve officer resides.

New Enlisted Correspondence Courses

The Chief of Naval Personnel has recently announced the availability of additional enlisted correspondence courses to Coast Guard Reservists. The following courses may now be obtained through the Naval Correspondence Course Center:

		Ret.
<u>Title</u>	NAVPERS	Pt.
General Training Course for POs	g 91203	20
*Quartermaster 3 Vol. 2	3, 91285-1	12
*Quartermaster 2 Vol2	2, 91287-1	9
Electronics Technician 2, Vol. 2	h- 91375	32
*Storekeeper 2	91431-2	15
Navy Mail, Vol.	2 91460	8
*Damage Control man l	- 91545-1	20
*Aviation Electri	_	
cians Mate, Vol. *Aviation Boat-	2 91611-1	15
swain's Mate,		
Vol. 1	91654-1	15

*Available for repeat credit.

ACTIVE DUTY--Cont. from p. 1

Grade	Reenlistment for 6 yrs.
POZ	\$963.12
PO3	887:58
SN or FN	884:38

Non-rated men (except Stewardsmen) may also volunteer for 24 months active duty and be eligible for enlistment in the regular service and the REENLISTMENT BONUS after one year.

The number of volunteers that may be accepted under this program will be governed by vacancies existant at the time of application. Applications from personnel in the following

ratings are solicited:

QM	AM	BT
YN	GMFT	AG
AD	MM	EMT
SO	AL	EM
SK	ET	PR
ΑT	EN	HM
GM	AO	DC
CC	D1/	ממ

Applications will be processed on a first come, first served, basis. GET YOURS IN NOW!

The Coast Guard RESERVIST

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